

Datasheet

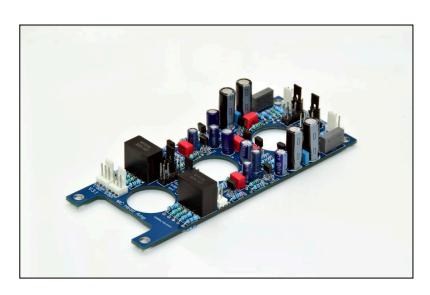
Moving Coil Head Amp

Application & Purpose:

Very high-fidelity, low noise head amp with selectable gain and loading. Amplifies the small-signal from a moving-coil phono cartridge to an amplitude suitable for a normal RIAA pre-amp.

Designed for use with ZinAmp Valve Phono Amp. Mounts on top of Valve amp and valves protrude up through the holes on the pcb.

Very low-noise transistors give this amplifier low levels of 'johnson' noise (hiss).



Specification:

| PCB Dimensions | 139mm x 56mm x 1.6mm | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Channels | Two (stereo) | | | | |
| Gain | Selectable - x3 to x70 (9.5dB - 37dB) | | | | |
| Input Impedance | Selectable - 47R to 1k | | | | |
| Devices | 2N4401/03 low-noise transistors | | | | |
| Frequency Response | Overall Range: 20Hz - 50kHz | | | | |
| Output Impedance | < 200Ω | | | | |
| Supply Voltage | 12v (-6v +6v) | | | | |
| Idle Supply Current | 30mA | | | | |
| THD | Typically < 0.003% - mostly lower 2nd order | | | | |

Details:

An exceptionally high-quality and low-noise stereo head-amp for connecting a moving coil-cartridge to an RIAA phono stage. Typical moving coil signals are less than 0.5mV. Lowest gain setting is x3, max gain is x70. Cartridge loadings from 47R to 1k are also selectable.

Circuit Topology:

The circuit is based on a symmetrical design made popular by John Linsley Hood in the 1970s. It is essentially two amplifiers in parallel; each the polar opposite of the other. This arrangement doubles the number of input devices handling the signal which lowers noise levels. It also provides zero voltage-offset at the input and output, making the amplifier very simple to interface to a subsequent RIAA phono-stage.

NOTE: This circuit has no RIAA equalisation. RIAA equalisation is achieved using a downstream RIAA phono-stage.

Setup and Usage:

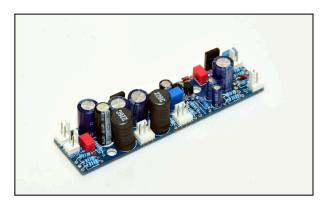
This module features holes in the PCB. It can be mounted on top of a ZinAmp Valve Phono amplifier module and the vales protrude up through the holes. This makes for a very compact and neat installation into a small box. Jumper switches on both this module and the Valve phono amp have been positioned to be easily accessible when stacked this way. Note the cutaway in the board, pictured above; this is to allow access to the jumper switches on the RIAA Phono amp beneath.

Power Requirements:

The working voltage for this module is -/+ 6v i.e. 12v. This can be provided in a number of ways e.g DC mains adaptor, battery etc. However, this module is designed to be used with a Valve phono amp. If you are installing this module into a ZinAmp phono-amp kit, then the power supply is built into the main host-board and you simply connect this module to it.

Suitable Power Supplies:

If you are using this MC Head Amp in your own installation i.e. not with a ZinAmp phono stage, then we make a make a simple linear regulated power supply for this module that can be powered from a 30v DC adaptor. This is on our website here



Linear Regulated Power Supply - click image for link to website

This power supply will also power out solid state MM phono stage if you are using that it has very very clean DC and this is essential for the MC Headamp. Ripple in your DC supply will be audible - this is due to the very high gain of this module.

9v Battery:

This module will also perform admirably well with a 9v battery, with no loss of performance and the benefit of totally-clean DC. The only disadvantage is your battery may expire in the middle of your music. A rechargeable 9v battery should give you 5-8hours of listening between charges.

Alternative power supplies:

If you have an existing installation with an existing DC power supply that you might think is suitable (i.e. -/+ 6vDC), then you can try this. Do beware of hum from ripple in the DC supply. Electromagnetic noise from a nearby transformer is also likely to cause audible hum. MC amplification is very sensitive to interference, so be prepared to experiment and contact us if you have questions.

High Gain - warning !!!

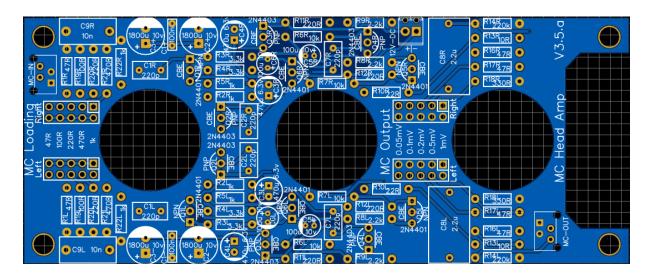
This amplifier is capable of gain of up to x30. We recommend you select the lowest gain setting recommended for your cartridge and increase one division at a time. This will avoid the risk of signal clipping and damage to down-stream equipment. Settings are clearly marked on the PCB.

SETTING GAIN TO MAX TO ENSURE A 'NICE LOUD AMP' IS A BAD IDEA!!

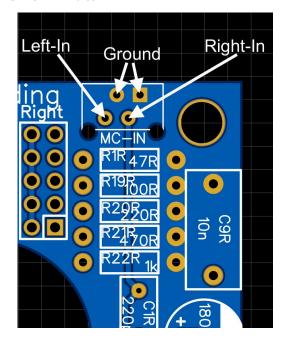
Use of Jumper Switches

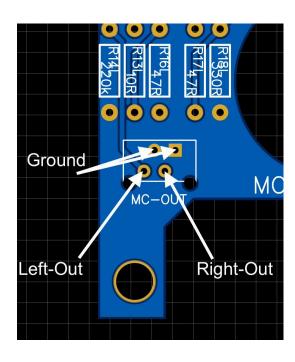
Jumper switches are used to select cartridge loading and signal gain. These are simple, compact and add negligible noise. Replacing these with external switches or selector switches as part of an installation is likely to add noise. If you are considering adding custom switches for these settings, take particular care to screen and shield any wires and/or switches themselves. The use of switches inside the installation - e.g. Arduino relays - is probably better as these can be kept inside a metal enclosure and will keep external EMI out. Keep transformers well away from this module!

Bare PCB:



Audio Terminals:





Connectors:

| Connector | Connector Type | Part Number | RS Cat No |
|-----------|---|------------------------|----------------------|
| MC-IN | Molex Picoflex -4 Pin header | 90325-0004 | 324-8104 |
| MC-OUT | Molex Picoflex -4 Pin header | 90325-0004 | 324-8104 |
| 12v DC-IN | Molex KK254 - 2pin header Can be substituted for screw-down type terminal block (2.54mm pitch) | 22-27-2021 790-1098 | 483-8461 790-1098 |

Parts List:

| Designator | Value/Spec | Qty | Manufacturer | Manufacturer Part | Supplier Part |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|
| C1+,C1- | 100n | | Epcos | B32529C1104K000 | 896-1332 |
| C2+,C2-,C3+,C3- | 1800u 10v | | Panasonic | EEUFS1A182L | 145-8571 |
| C3L,C3R,C4L,C4R | 470u 6.3v | 4 | Vishay | MAL203854471E3 | 684-1888 |
| C5L,C5R,C6L,C6R | 100u 10v | 4 | Rubycon | 16PK100MEFC5X11 | 763-9396 |
| C1L,C1R,C7L,C7R | 220p | 4 | Wima | FKP2/220/100/5 | 484-1984 |
| C8L,C8R | 2.2u | 2 | Panasonic | ECWFE2W225JA | 105-1076 |
| C9L,C9R | 10n | 2 | Kemet | R46KF210040H1M | 165-0062 |
| MC Output & MC Loading | PCB Header | 4 | Amphenol FCI | 77313-118-10LF | 673-7531 |
| MC Output & MC Loading | Shorting Link | 4 | RS-PRO | 251-8575 | 251-8575 |
| Q1L,Q1R,Q5L,Q5R,Q 6L,Q6R | 2N4401 | 6 | OnSemi | 2N4401 | 739-0439 |
| Q2L,Q2R,Q3L,Q3R,Q 4L,Q4R | 2N4403 | 6 | OnSemi | 2N4403 | 739-0445 |
| R1L,R1R,R16L,R16R, R17L,R17R | 47R | 6 | TE Connectivity | LR1F47R | 148-174 |
| R3L,R3R,R4L,R4R | 3.3k | 4 | TE Connectivity | LR1F3K3 | 125-1162 |
| R8L,R8R,R9L,R9R | 2.2k | 4 | Vishay | MRS25000C2201FCT00 | 683-3449 |
| R6L,R6R,R7L,R7R | 10k | 4 | TE Connectivity | LR1F10K | 125-1164 |
| R10L,R10R | 22R | 2 | TE Connectivity | LR1F22R | 148-095 |
| R13L,R13R | 10R | 2 | TE Connectivity | LR1F10R | 125-1154 |
| R14L,R14R | 220k | 2 | TE Connectivity | LR1F220K | 149-060 |
| R18L,R18R | 330R | 2 | TE Connectivity | LR1F330R | 125-1157 |
| R19L,R19R | 100R | 2 | TE Connectivity | LR1F100R | 125-1155 |

| R11L,R11R,R12L,R12 | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|---|-----------------|--------------------|----------|
| RR20L,R20R | 220R | 6 | TE Connectivity | LR1F220R | 148-348 |
| R21L,R21R | 470R | 2 | TE Connectivity | LR1F470R | 125-1158 |
| R2L,R2R,R5L,R5R,R2 | | | | | |
| 2L,R22R | 1k | 6 | Vishay | MRS25000C1001FCT00 | 683-3165 |

Parts available from <u>RS Online</u>. Also try <u>Farnell</u>, <u>Mouser</u> and other online suppliers.

Parts from different manufacturers can be substituted where spec is sufficient

Supplier trading names may differ by country.